Introduction to Digital Engineering & DoDI 5000.97 Overview

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Executive Branch of the United States of America











Leaders



Joe Biden
President



Kamala Harris
Vice President

Authority From

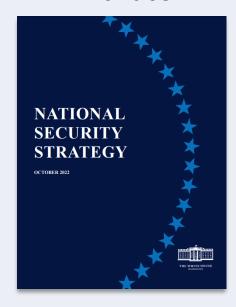




https://www.archives.gov/foun ding-docs/constitutiontranscript

"The President shall be **Commander in Chief** of the Army and Navy of the United
States, and of the Militia of the several
States, when called into the actual Service
of the United States," –Article II, Sec. 2

Priorities



The war in Ukraine highlights the criticality of a vibrant Defense Industrial Base for the United States and its allies and partners. It must not only be capable of rapidly manufacturing proven capabilities needed to defend against adversary aggression, but also **empowered to innovate** and creatively design solutions as battlefield conditions evolve.



Department of Defense











Leaders



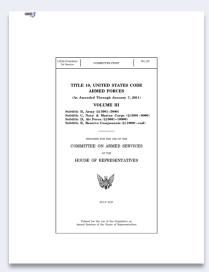
Lloyd J. Austin III Secretary of Defense



Dr. Kathleen H. HicksDeputy Secretary of Defense

Authority From

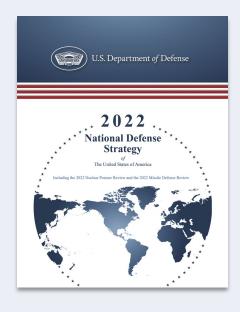
Title 10: U.S. Code



https://uscode.house.gov/browse/prelim@title10&edition=prelim

"(a)(1) There is a Secretary of Defense, who is the **head of the Department of Defense**, appointed from civilian life by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate."

Priorities



To succeed....the Department will reduce institutional barriers,....that inhibit....interoperability, intelligence and information sharing,...We will work across the U.S. government to upgrade technology....facilitate information exchange for mutual benefit.



Office of the Under Secretary Of Defense for Research and Engineering OUSD(R&E)











Leaders

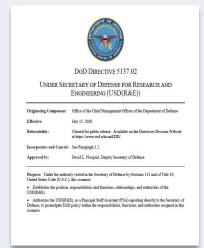


Heidi Shyu
DoD Chief Technology
Officer, OUSD(R&E)



Dr. David A. HoneyDeputy OUSD(R&E)

Authority From DODD 5137.02



https://www.esd.whs.mil/DD/

Purpose: Under the authority vested in the Secretary of Defense by Sections 113 and of Title 10, United States Code (U.S.C.), this issuance:

- Establishes the position....of the USD(R&E).
- Authorizes the USD(R&E),....reporting directly to....promulgate **DoD policy** within the responsibilities, functions, and **authorities** assigned.....

Priorities

NATIONAL DEFENSE SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY STRATEGY 2023

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

"We will continue to modernize our digital infrastructure"

"harness the analytic power of modeling and simulation"



OUSD(R&E) - Critical Technologies

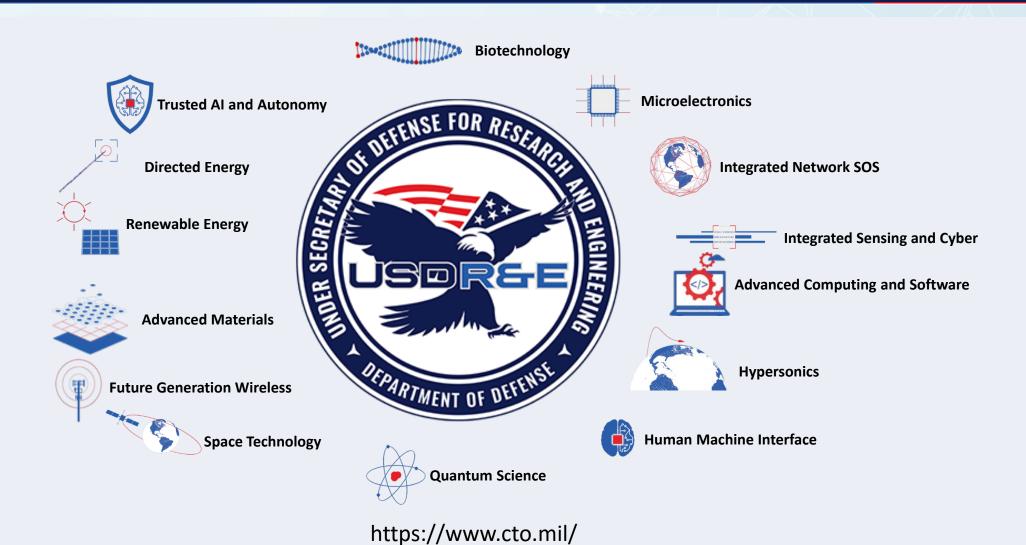














OUSD(R&E) - Role of Engineering



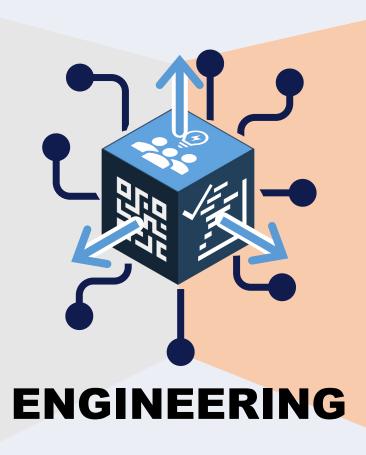














Operational Warfighting Capability



Executive Directorate for Systems Engineering & Architecture









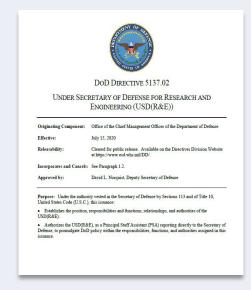


Leader



Thomas W. Simms
Executive Director, SE&A

Authority From DODD 5137.02



https://www.esd.whs.mil/DD/

Section 2, Paragraph q:
"...with key stakeholders, develops
governing policy and advances
practices and workforce competency..."

Priorities

Mission Statement

Engineering Foundations' missiondevelop and drive the use of innovative and modern engineering principles and techniques....within the DoD....This team provides policy, guidance, standards, and best practice resources facilitates communities of practice; and develops the workforce....

Engineering Applications' mission is....to inform risk-based decisions and develop....architectures to reduce integration risks for mission-enabling systems. This team provides engineering assessments and architectures.



Directorate for Digital Engineering, Modeling & Simulation











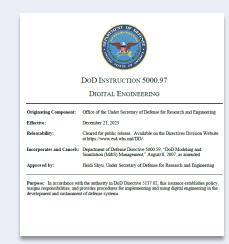
Leader



Daniel Hettema
Director

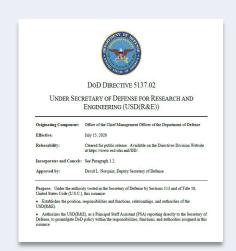
Authority From

DODI 5000.97



Section 2, Paragraph 1: "Establishes governing policy, advances practices, and develops workforce skills for digital engineering."

DODD 5137.02



Section 2, Paragraph q: "...with key stakeholders, develops governing policy and advances practices and workforce competency..."

Priorities

Mission Statement

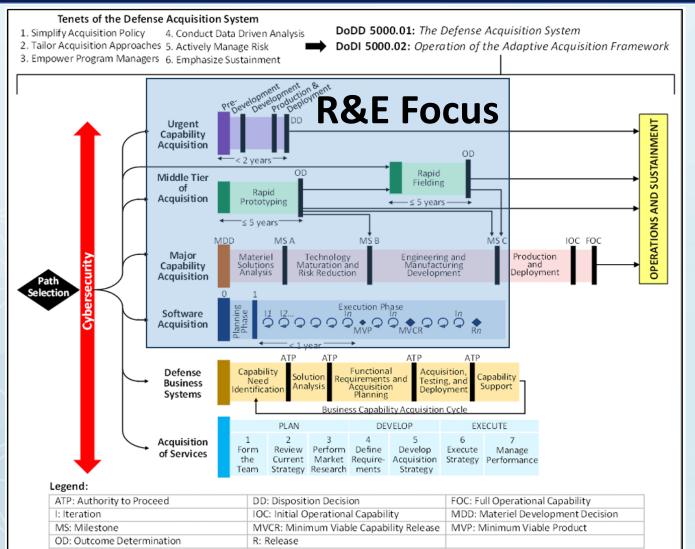
Practitioners are the backbone of the department; we strive to ensure they have the data, tools, and time needed to achieve the mission of the DoD.

DEM&S focus on delivering products that address pain points, growing the community of digital practitioners, strengthen the capabilities of workforce, and building a resilient industrial base through standards.



DoDI 5000.02 OPERATION OF THE ADAPTIVE ACQUISITION FRAMEWORK

R&E's Focus Area Across the Acquisition Framework



The value of digital twins can be experienced across all phases

December 2019



DODI 5000.97 Digital Engineering

Purpose: The Department of Defense is transforming its engineering practices to incorporate digital technology and innovations into an integrated, digital, model-based approach. This instruction establishes policy, assigns responsibilities, and provides procedures for implementing and using digital engineering in the development and sustainment of systems.

This policy directs:

- Programs started after the date of the policy will incorporate digital engineering during development unless the program's decision authority provides an exception.
- Programs started before the date of the policy should incorporate digital engineering, to the maximum extent possible, when it is practical, beneficial, and affordable.
- Digital engineering should be addressed in the Acquisition
 Strategy and in the Systems Engineering Plan.
- Digital engineering methodologies, technologies, and practices support a comprehensive engineering program for defense systems.

Digital Model Examples Requirements model **Digital Twin** Structural model A computerized representation · Functional model (integrated set of models) that serves Architecture model as the real-time digital counterpart of Business process model a physical object or process. · Enterprise model Human performance models · Product life cycle models **Digital Thread Examples** Requirements analysis **Digital Artifact** Architecture development **Digital Engineering Ecosystem** · Design and cost trades Examples Infrastructure · Design evaluations and Hardware Tools Specifications optimizations Software Workforce · Technical drawings System, subsystem, and Networks · Design documents component definition and · Interface management Approach integration documents Cost estimations - Development, testing, manufacturing, etc. Analytical results Training aids and devices Development - Model-based systems engineering (MBSE), Developmental and operational modeling languages, etc. tests Digital Threads DevSecOps, etc. Product support Digital Artifacts Data

Digital engineering transforms

DoD systems engineering practice.



Aligning Digital Engineering & Digital Twins

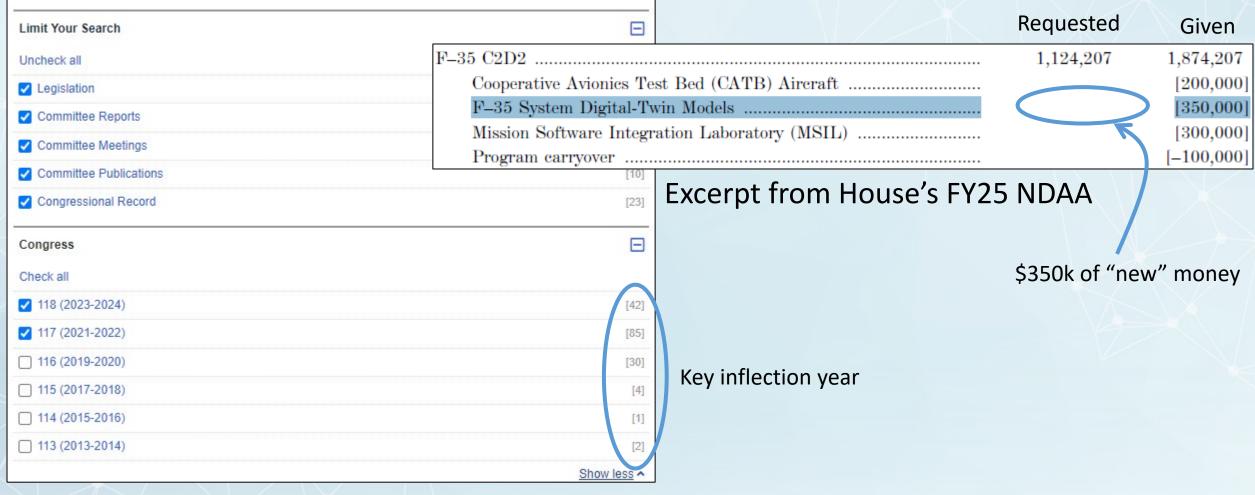
OSD Digital Engineering (DE) Tenets Digital Twin Tenets Formalize the **development**, integration Digital Twins are virtual assets, informed by data, that provide the basis for informed decision and use of models to inform enterprise and program decision making making Provide an enduring authoritative source Digital Twins are artifacts enabling an of truth enduring authoritative source of truth Digital Twins incorporate technological Incorporate technological innovation to innovation (e.g. sensors fusion, Al, data improve the engineering practice analytics, etc...) to improve decision making Establish supporting infrastructure and Digital Twins require infrastructure and environments to seamlessly interconnect environments to perform activities, collaborate, and communicate across stakeholders assets Use of Digital Twins requires culture and Transform a **culture and workforce** that adopts ransform Culture | Work workforce transformation around info and supports Digital Engineering across the lifecycle sharing, data access / ownership, etc...

Graphic from AIAA & AIA Digital Twin: Definition & Value



Measuring Congressional Demand

"digital twin" search on congress.gov





Measuring Success in FY23 Justification Books

Description: Develop guidance technologies to improve the precision, controlled lethality, and flexibility of conventional munitions Specific technical areas include precision navigation and terminal seekers. Air Force FY23 RDT&E Continue integration of hardware-in-the-loop, software-in-the-loop, and other modeling and simulation technologies for the Justification Book demonstration of open architecture, high-speed, networked, collaborative and autonomous, and modular munition concepts, Continue the design and development of seeker sub-system prototypes for platform self-defense. Continue development of DoD FY23 Defense Wide RDT&F advanced, high-resolution infrared scene projectors, distributed simulation concepts, software-defined radio frequency test chamber, scene generation, mission, engagement, campaign level simulations, and panoramic infrared dome technologies. Continue to develop technologies for precision navigation of weapons in Global Positioning System-denied scenarios. Continue to mature and integrate advanced carriage and release concepts and sub-systems. Continue providing multi-security level, cross-**Justification Book** domain distributed modeling and simulation support for munition research using distributed connectivity between Eglin Air Force Base facilities and other geographic locations. Continue integrating lethality models into guidance and control simulations to enhance weapon integrated performance. Continue development of sensor test technologies to enable verification of autonomous munition concepts. Continue integrating higher fidelity constructive analysis tools with engagement and mission level modeling and simulation. Initiate miniature munition technology integration for ground launch demonstration. Navy FY23 RDT&E Justification Book UNCLASSIFIED Continue integration of hardware-in-the-loop, software-in-the-loop, and other modeling and simulation technologies for the demonstration of open architecture, high-speed, networked, collaborative and autonomous, and modular munition concepts Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Office of the Secretary Of Defense 10.500 10.136 Continue the design, development, and evaluation of seeker sub-system prototypes for platform self-defense. Continue R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) Appropriation/Budget Activity PE 0603338D8Z I Defense Modernization UNCLASSIFIED and Prototyping (EC PE 0603601F: Conventional Weapons Technology Volume 1 - 318 Page 4 of 9 R-1 Line #27 Air Force B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) Building on the initial series of flights and swims, further development and integration will be completed to optimize system performance, and to integrate a representative payload. In late FY 2022, prototype development will complete, transitioning to the U.S. Navy for a FY 2023 operational demonstration to validate system performance in an operationally relevant environment. FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement Development of the FSG UUV prototype completes in FY 2022 prior to transitioning to the U.S. Navy for further development and integration SSIFIED UNCLASSIFIED Volume 1 - 122 26 of 30 R-1 Line #5 Description: This project will develop a common digital twin technical framework capable of supporting a wide variety of military Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2023 Air Force Date: April 2022 RF systems. Echelon will support virtual testing of digital twin prototypes, enabling the Department of Defense to evaluate the Appropriation/Budget Activity R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) Project (Number/Name) effectiveness of prototype systems or subsystems in realistic environments and against red threats early in development. The PE 0603601F I Conventional Weapons Tec 63670A I Weapon Technology Developmen developed high-fidelity multi-physics framework/testbed will enable Service research and acquisition programs to mature digital twin prototypes prior to purchasing extensive hardware enabling programs to shorten the development lifecycle of current system upgrades and next generation systems. This effort includes the hardware and software implementation of the first instantiation of B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 the Echelon technical framework. During FY 2021, the Echelon project completed use case definitions, requirements derivation, development of advanced, high-resolution infrared scene projectors, distributed simulation concepts, software-defined radio and assessed/identified available tools to be leveraged for the digital twin framework baseline. In addition, the Echelon project frequency test chamber, scene generation, mission, engagement, campaign level simulations, and panoramic infrared dome established an initial model based systems engineering (MBSE) model for the project. This MBSE model will evolve as the digital technologies. Continue to develop technologies for precision navigation of weapons in Global Positioning System-denied twin framework is further developed in FY 2022 and FY 2023. scenarios. Continue to mature and integrate advanced carriage and release concepts and sub-systems. Continue improving multi-security level, cross-domain distributed modeling and simulation for munition research using distributed connectivity between Eglin Air Force Base facilities and other geographic locations. Continue integrating higher-fidelity lethality models into guidance SSIFIED Building on the initial MBSE Echelon model, FY 2022 activities will focus on developing and delivering the first release of the and control simulations to enhance weapon integrated performance. Complete development of sensor test technologies to enable Echelon framework and testbed. This first release will enable project transition partners to begin building their respective Echelor verification of autonomous munition concepts. Continue integrating higher fidelity constructive analysis tools with engagement compliant digital twins. In FY 2022, initial work will begin to validate the framework and testbed. Date: April 2022 and mission level modeling and simulation. Continue miniature munition technology integration for ground launch demonstration. Initiate design and development of a weapons digital ecosystem that enables digital engineering and the use of high-fidelity digital Program Element (Number/Name) Project (Number/Name) FY 2023 tasks will complete the validation of the initial Echelon framework and testbed. Building on the first release of the twinning across the weapons lifecycle Echelon framework, FY 2023 activities will focus on further development and validation of the framework's extensibility to support 602123N I Force Protection Applied R 9999 I Congressional Adds FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement: multi-function digital twins. Additional activities include mission engineering interfaces integration with the digital twin and testbed. FY 2023 increased compared to FY 2022 by \$0.645 million. Justification for increase is described in the plans above FY 2023 will conclude with a multi-service demonstration of a digital twin within the Echelon testbed. FY 2022 to FY 2023 Increase/Decrease Statement B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) FY 2021 FY 2022 Funds support the demonstration of a digital twin in the Echelon framework to validate the prototype's capability to provide a virtual integrated, multi-function, net-centric environment. The majority of hardware and software development, integration, and FY 2021 Accomplishments: Developed autonomous command and control of ship power and energy systems, leveraging digital twin technology that protects the ship's power and energy grid. In addition, designed and built UNCLASSIFIED PE 0603338D8Z: Defense Modernization and Prototyping a digital twin testbed for physical experimentation with power and energy controls technologies. Volume 3 - 217 Page 19 of 29 R-1 Line #46 Office of the Secretary Of Defense FY 2022 Plans: Continue efforts to develop autonomous command and control of ship power and energy systems, leveraging digital twin technology that protects the ship's power and energy grid. In addition, designed and built a digital twin testbed for physical experimentation with power and energy controls technologies.



Challenges Digital Twin Adoption at the DoD

- "Color of Money" RDT&E vs O&M and the surrounding organization structures
 - 5-10 yr cost savings likely isn't a priority to the PM
 - Congressional budget process is complicated
- Need clarity of DT's "maturity" in alignment to acquisition process
 - Think more TRL less CMMI
- No standard approach to address the cybersecurity concerns
 - Align to DoD's vision of Zero Trust Architectures
- DoD isn't yet a "data first" organization
 - We acquire complex systems; the designers, operators, upgraders, are all different companies, sometimes at the same time



Development of Modeling & Simulation for Engineering Strategy



Primary Goals:

Goal 1 Develop a joint, enterprise-level common technical framework and infrastructure, supporting modeling and simulation.

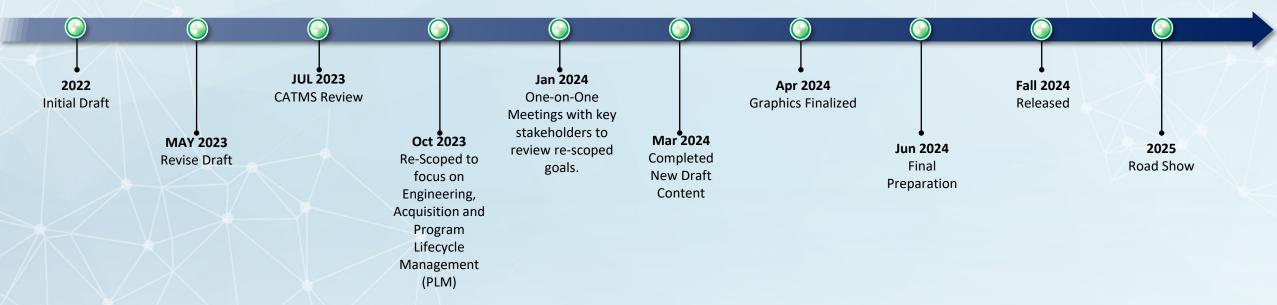
Goal 2 Promote trust within the M&S community through authoritative sources of data.

Goal 3 Leverage the professional development system supporting modeling and simulation.

Goal 4 Cultivate integration of enterprise-level management within the DoD and the larger M&S community.

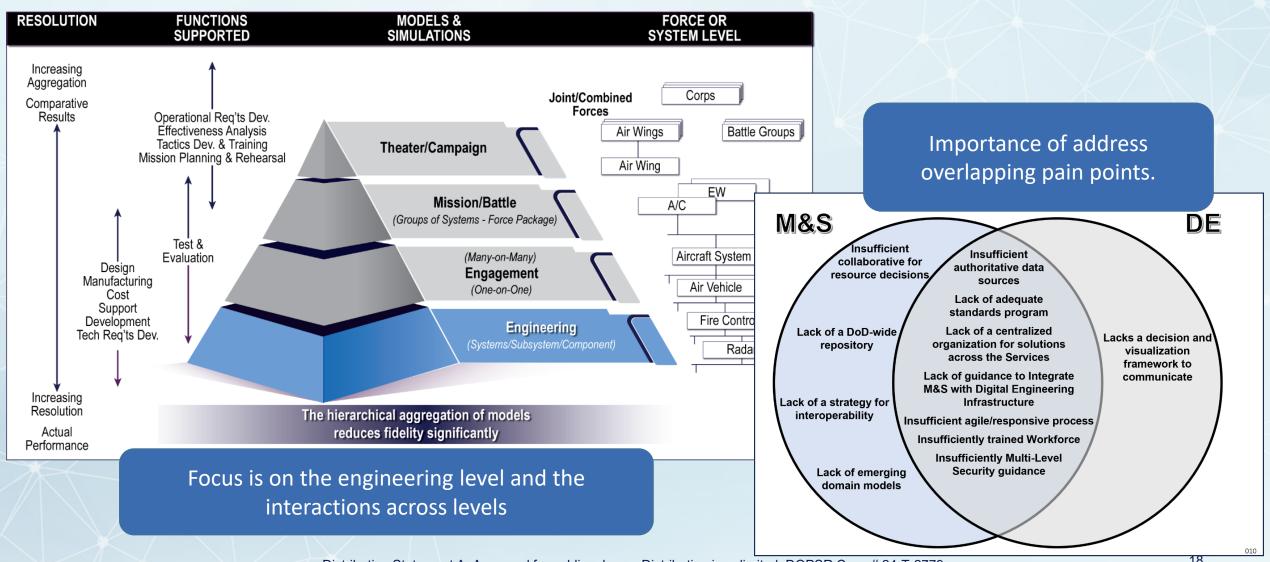
<u>Goal 5</u> Adapt policies, processes, and infrastructure enabling rapid (agile) assessment and procurement of emerging technologies and tools.







Modeling & Simulation Strategy for Engineering



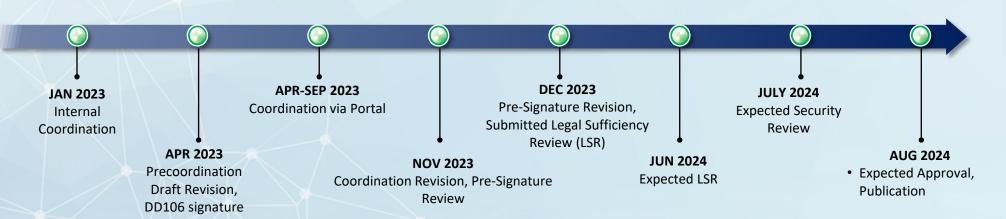


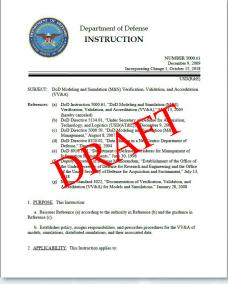
DODI 5000.61 DoD Modeling and Simulation (M&S) Verification, Validation & Accreditation (VV&A)

Establishes DoD policy for VV&A of M&S

- Requires VV&A of models, simulations and data used to support DoD processes, products and decisions
- Directs VV&A results be documented and made accessible
- Assigns Components and PAS* Officials as final validation authority for representations in their areas of responsibility

Establishes standards for documentation and accessibility of VV&A results

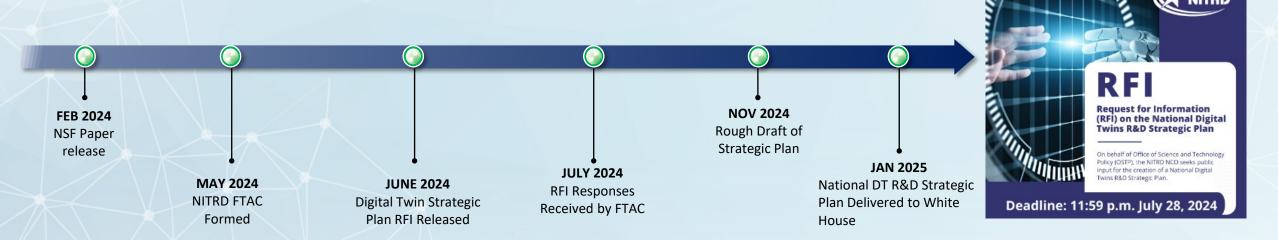






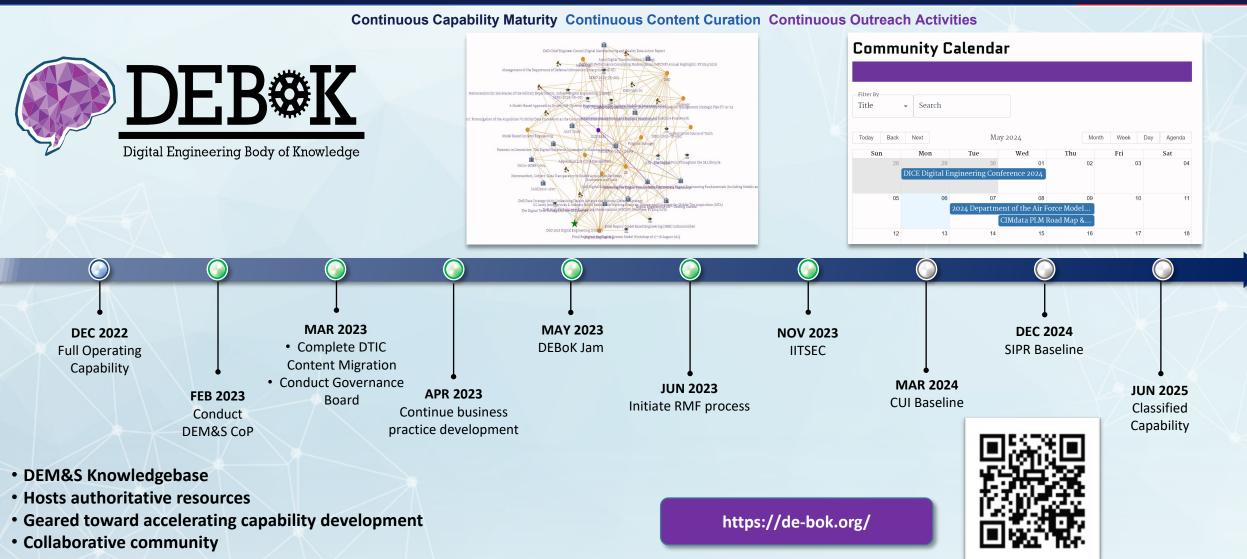
NITRD Digital Twin FTAC

- The National Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medicine (NASEM) released a report called "Foundational Research Gaps and Future Directions for Digital Twins"
 - Report contained numerous findings, conclusions, and recommendations on digital twin technology
- In response, the Networking and Information Technology Research and Development (NITRD) Program launched a Fast Track Action Committee (FTAC) on digital twin technology
 - Collaborate across industries on best practices, lessons learned for digital twin technology
 - Develop a National Digital Twin R&D Strategic Plan





Digital Engineering Body of Knowledge





Upcoming DEM&S Community of Practice in 2024

Sharing Digital Engineering, Modeling & Simulation Concepts and Best Practices

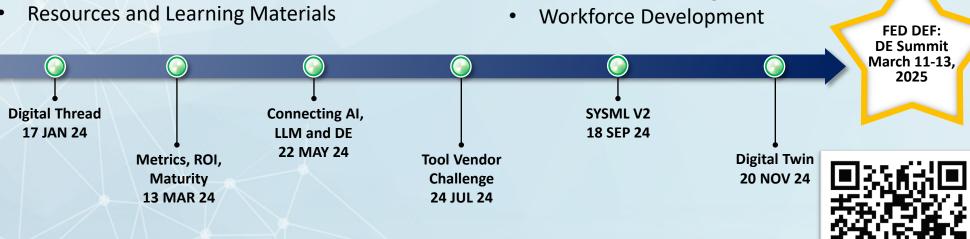
Involvement from the DoD, Federal Government, Industry and Academia.

Advantages of Participating

- **Networking Opportunities**
- Knowledge Exchange
- **Exclusive Events**
- **Collaborative Projects**

2023 Topics

- Model Interoperability
- **Digital Ecosystems**
- Contracting/Digital Artifacts
- **Bodies of Knowledge**





500+ person membership



Standards Are Foundational to Digital Transformation



Aligned With

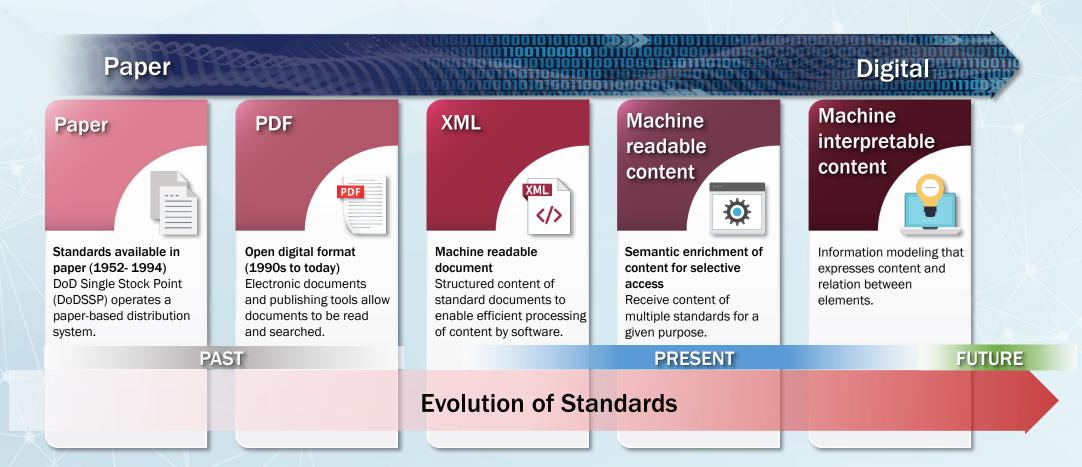


"Technology standards and protocols are core to our digital infrastructure, national security, and economic prosperity."

> NATIONAL DEFENSE **SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY** STRATEGY 2023



Documents as Digital Data



^{*}DoD implementation of ISO - IEC/ISO SMART Model



How DTC Can Address the Gap

- Highlight Value
 - Do: Show how DT can save "resources" and how new ideas are unlocked
 - **Don't:** Oversell to senior leaders be honest about the investments
- Educate the Community
 - Do: Identify characteristics of successful deployments
 - Don't: Focus on definitions can quickly turn your audience off
- Measure Maturity
 - Do: Invest in Uncertainty Quantification or other maturity model
 - Don't: Make it "all or nothing" everything in the DoD is a spectrum
- Standards
 - Do: Find commonality then standardize around that
 - Don't: Create a new standard just to address the "lack of commonality"



Case Study: The Office of Strategic Services



"(11) General Interference with Organizations and Production

- (a) Organizations and Conferences
 - (1) Insist on doing everything through "channels." Never permit short-cuts to expedite decisions.

• • •

(3) When possible, refer all matters to committees, for "further study and consideration." Attempt to make the committees as large as possible - never less than five.

• • •

(8) Be worried about the propriety of any decision - raise the question of whether such action as is contemplated lies within the jurisdiction of the group or whether it might conflict with the policy of some higher echelon."

Don't accept organizational sabotage in the use of models in a digital ecosystem. Focus on driving value, moving froward, and celebrate the wins.



Contact Information



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Systems Engineering and Architecture osd-sea@mail.mil | Attention: DEM&S https://www.cto.mil/sea



